

Northern Fur Seal

The northern fur seal
is a large seal
between 5 and 10
feet long.

Northern fur seals
have ear flaps on the
outside of their
bodies. The males are
dark brown and gray,
and the females are
dark gray. They have
the second-thickest
fur of any animal
alive. They also are
known for being able
to move their flippers
under them and use

them to walk on land.

Northern fur seals

have very good

eyesight and hearing.

Northern fur seals

spend about half of

the year out at sea.

They even sleep at

sea.

Northern fur seals

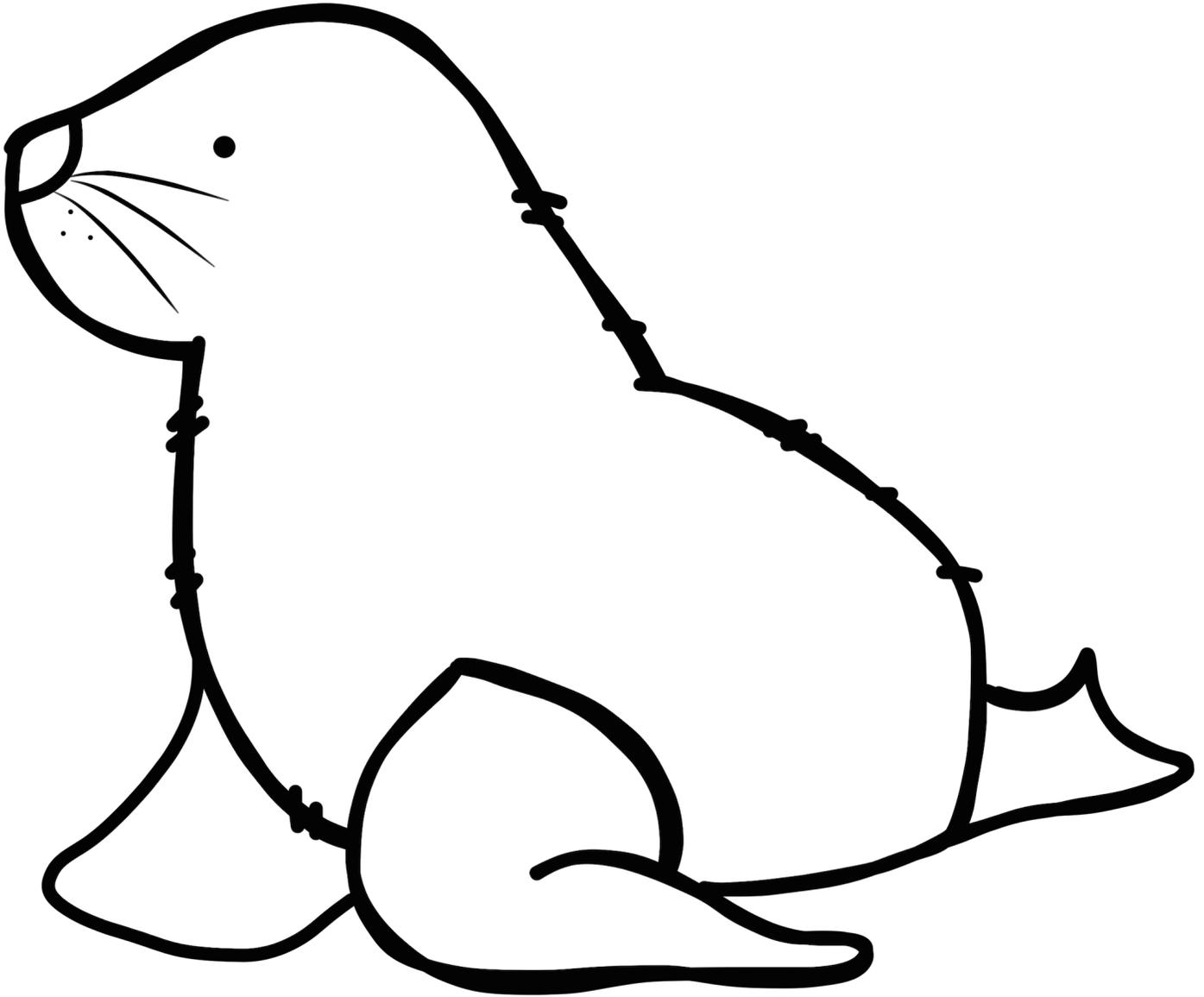
eat mostly fish, squid,

and krill. They live in
the northern part of
the Pacific Ocean,
but sometimes they go
as far south as
southern California
and central Japan.

Northern fur seal
babies are called
pups. Pups start out
black, and their color
changes as they grow.

Pups are able to live
on their own when
they are about 4
months old.

Northern fur seals
live to be about 15
to 25 years old.





Polar Bear

Polar bears are

mammals. They live in

the Arctic where it is

very cold. They have

thick yellowish-white

fur over black skin.

When the sun shines

through their fur,

their skin absorbs the

heat and helps them

stay warm. They also

have thick layers of

fat under their skin to

help protect them

from the cold. Polar

bears have hair on the

bottom of their feet

that protects their feet when they walk on the ice. They have very good eyesight and a good sense of smell.

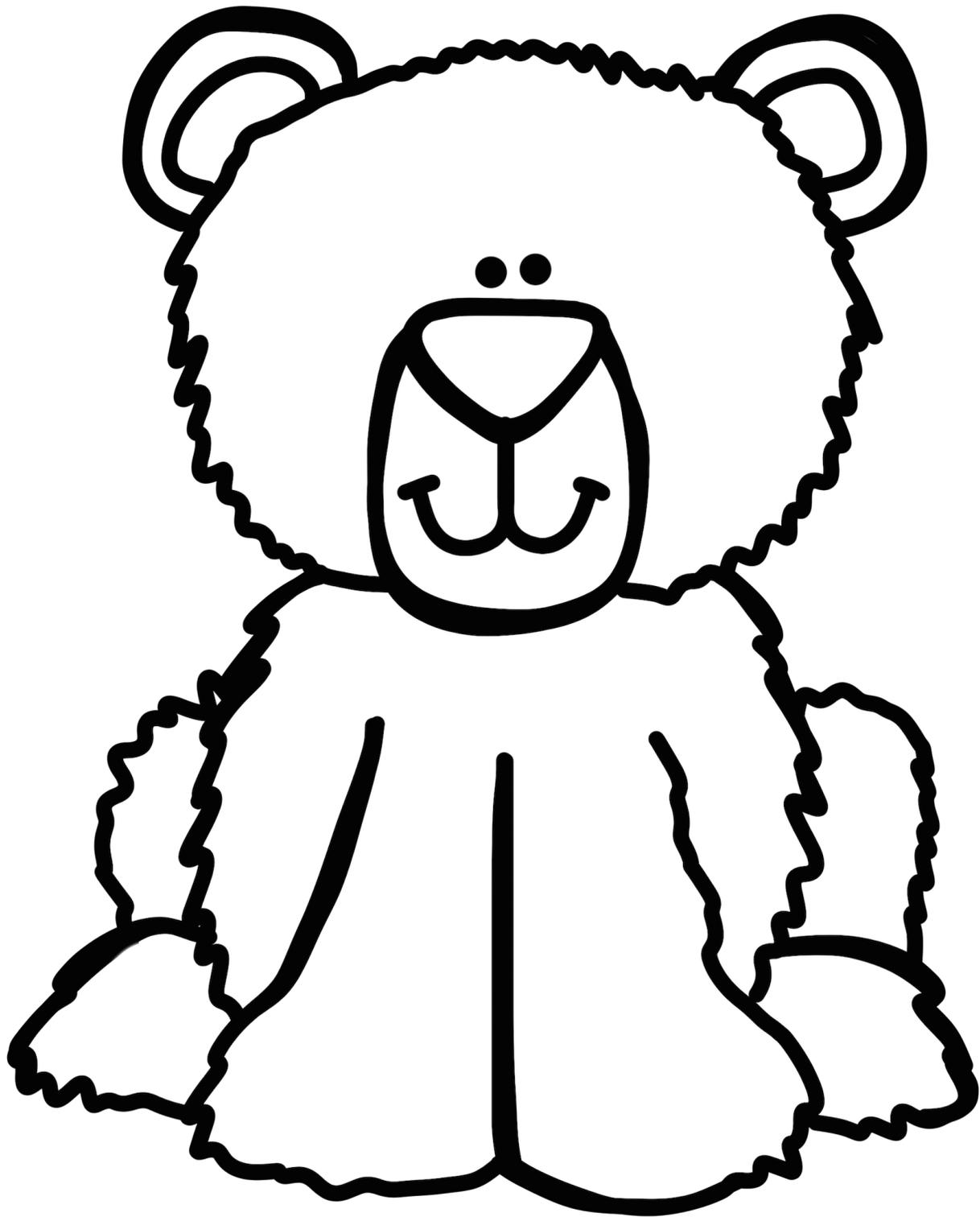
Polar bears can run up to 35 miles an hour for a short time on land or ice. They are good swimmers, but they only paddle with

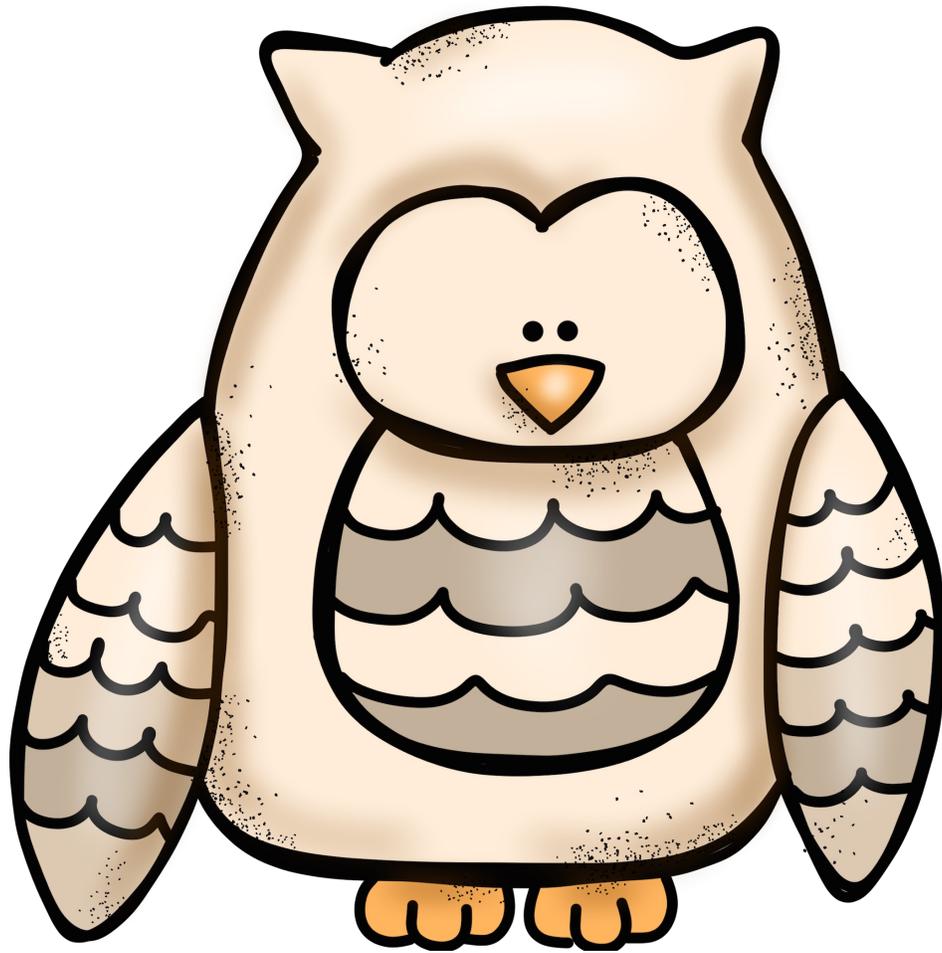
their front paws. They cannot dive very deep. Sometimes they drift on the ice in the ocean when they are looking for food. They eat mainly smaller types of seals, but they will also eat berries, grasses, birds' eggs, seaweed, and other things.

Mother polar bears

live in dens when they
are going to have a
baby. Usually, they
have twin babies
called cubs. Cubs are
born blind and are
very small. Cubs often
stay with their mothers
until they are just
over two years old.

Polar bears live about
30 years in the wild.





Snowy Owl

Snowy owls are one
of the largest owls in
the world. They have

a wingspan of about 5 feet (160 centimeters).

The males are white.

Young owls and female owls are white with brown markings.

They all have yellow eyes.

Snowy owls live in the tundra, an area that is cold and dry. The tundra does not have

any trees, and it is
covered with snow
most of the year.

Snowy owls have great
hearing and eyesight.

They can find food
even if the ground is
covered with snow.

Snowy owls are
different from many
other kinds of owls
because they often

hunt during the day.

They watch for food

from their high

perches and then

glide down and grab

the food with their

strong claws. They eat

mostly lemmings and

voles, which are types

of rodents. They also

eat rabbits, ducks,

squirrels, and other

things.

Snowy owls lay

between 3 to 11 eggs

at a time, and the

babies hatch about

one month later.

Snowy owls live

about 10 years in the

wild.

